



Some Reflections on a Territorial Review

NSPA in a European context

Sparse or...? The territorial view of the NSPA

Explaining Västerbotten's engagement



Demographic challenges

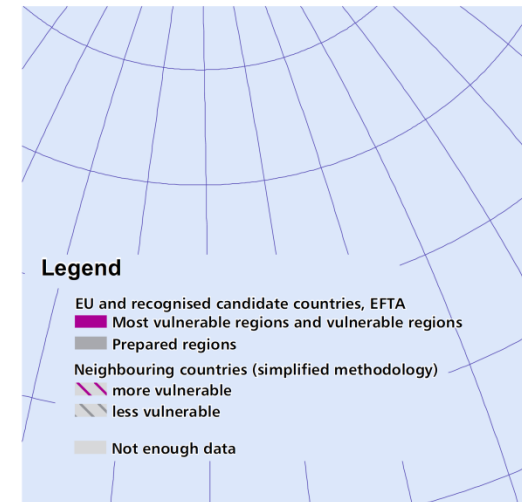
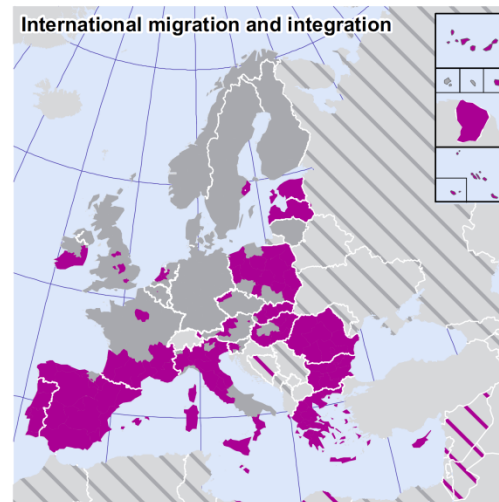
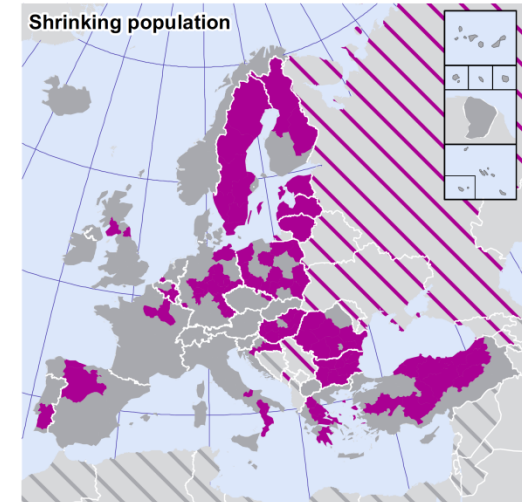
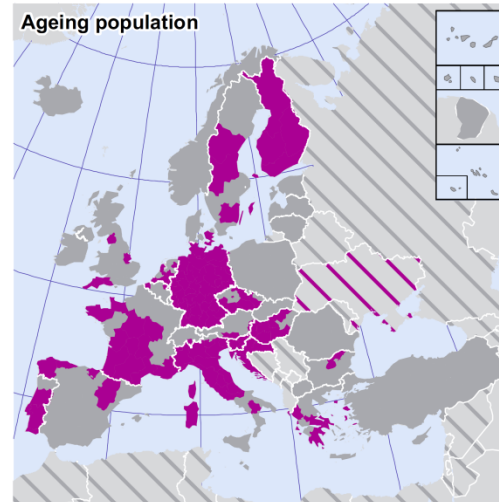
Key vulnerabilities:

Shrinking population (SE, FI)

Aging population (SE, FI)

Prepared for:

**International migration and integration
(all)**



Natural resources and environmental challenges

Key vulnerabilities:

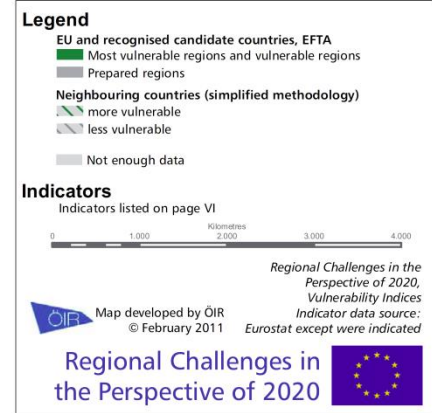
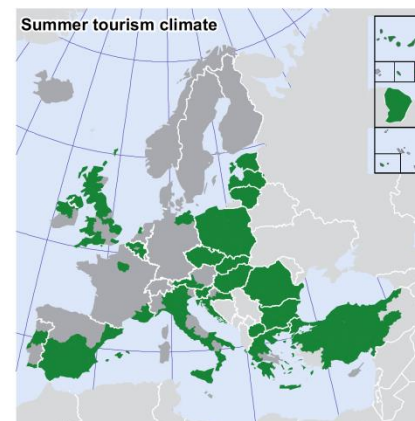
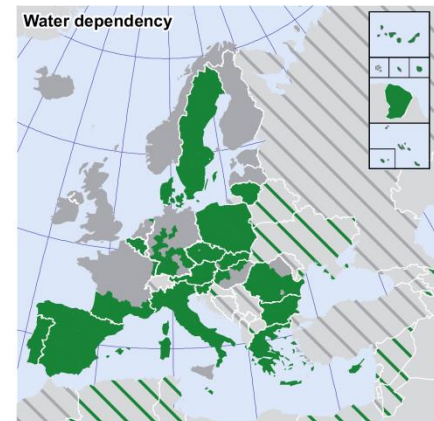
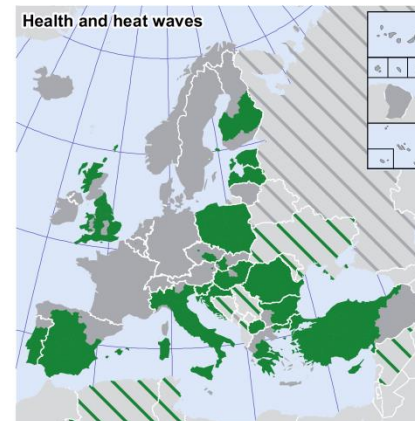
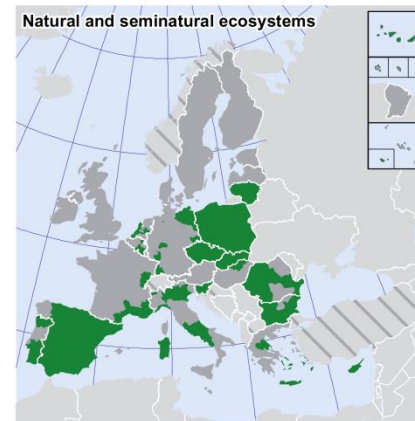
Natural hazards and coastal threats (all)

Health and heat waves (FI)

Water dependency (SE)

Prepared for:

Summer tourism climate (all)





Mobility and accessibility

Key vulnerabilities:

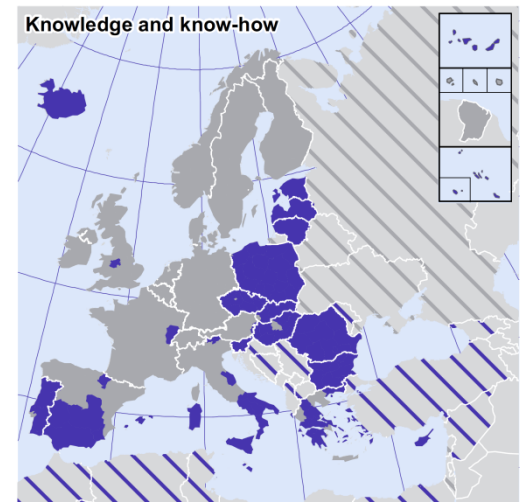
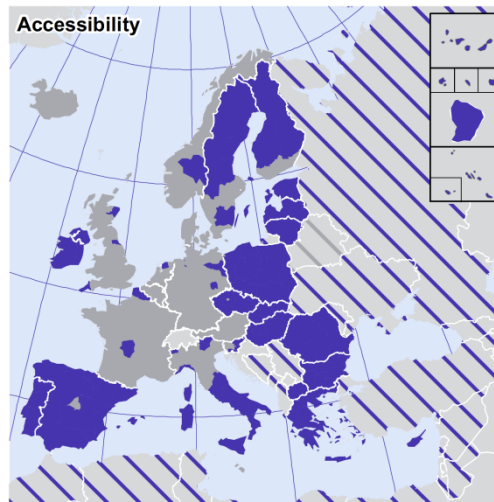
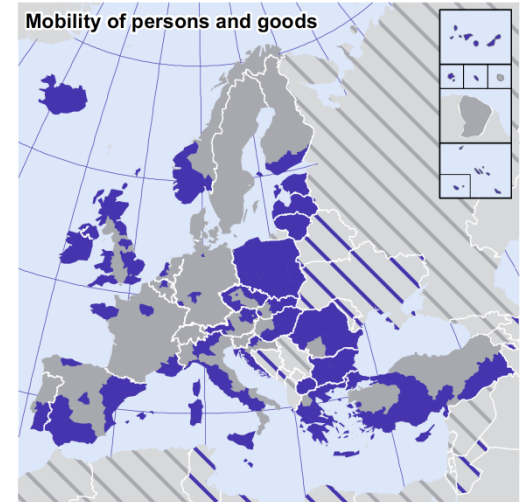
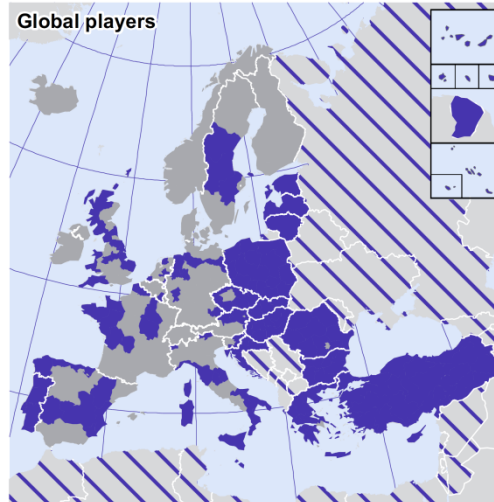
Global players (SE)

Accessibility (all)

Prepared for:

Mobility of persons and goods (all)

Knowledge and know-how (all)





Regional innovation scoreboard 2014

Innovation leaders:

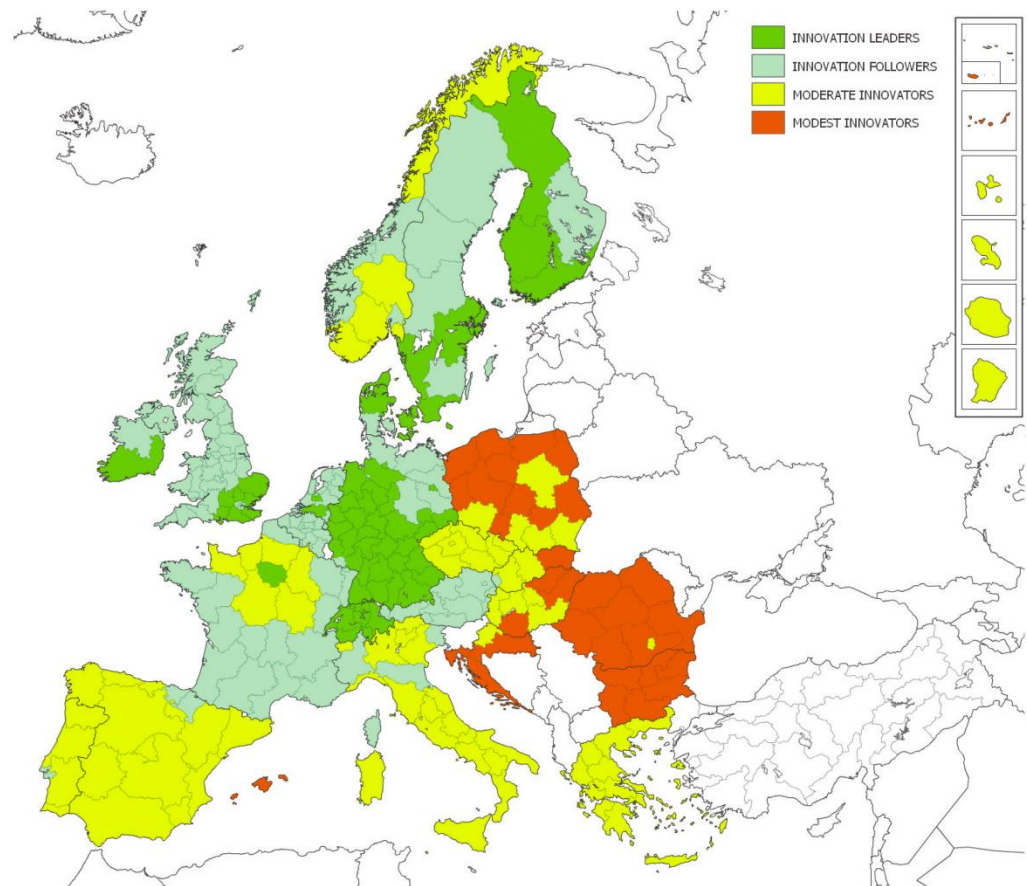
Lappi
Pohjois-Pohjanmaa
Keski-Pohjanmaa

Innovation followers:

Kainuu
Karjala
Savo
Norrbotten
Västerbotten
Västernorrland
Jämtland
Trondelag

Moderate innovators:

Nord-Norge

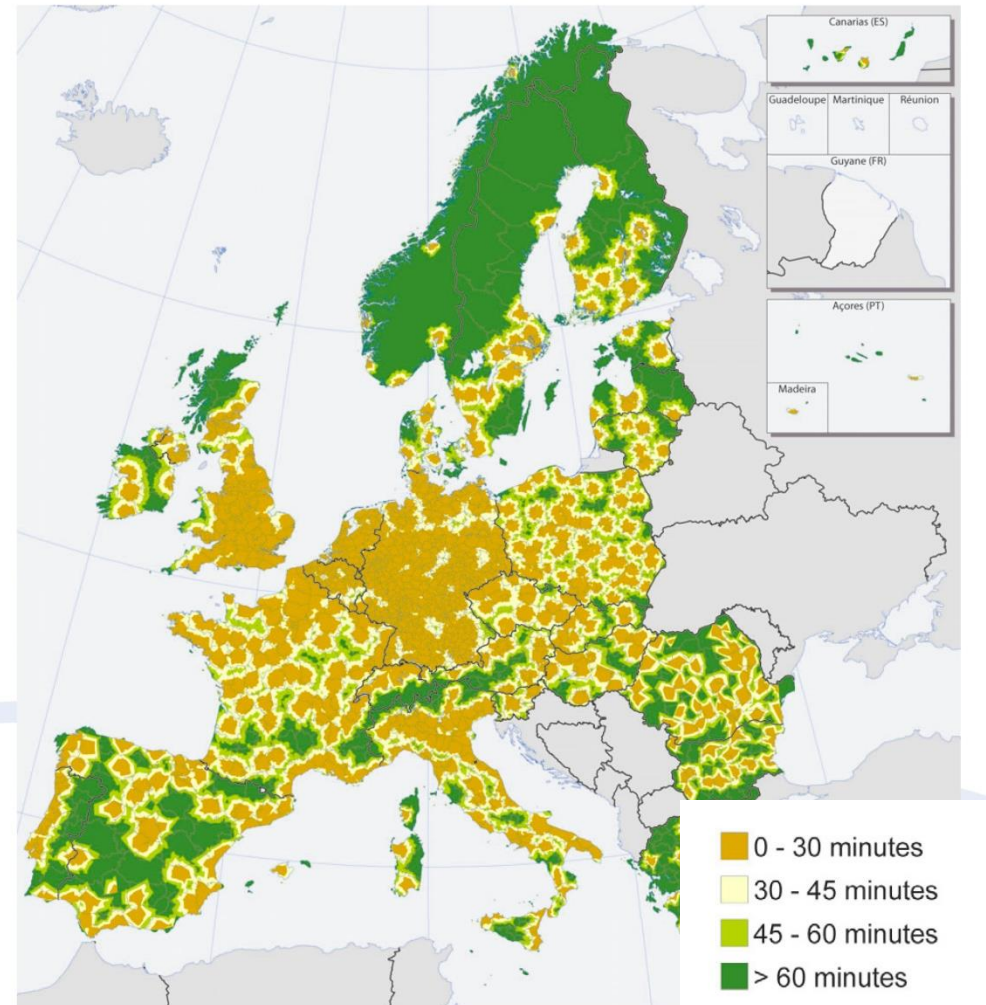


Map created with Region Map Generator



Sparse?

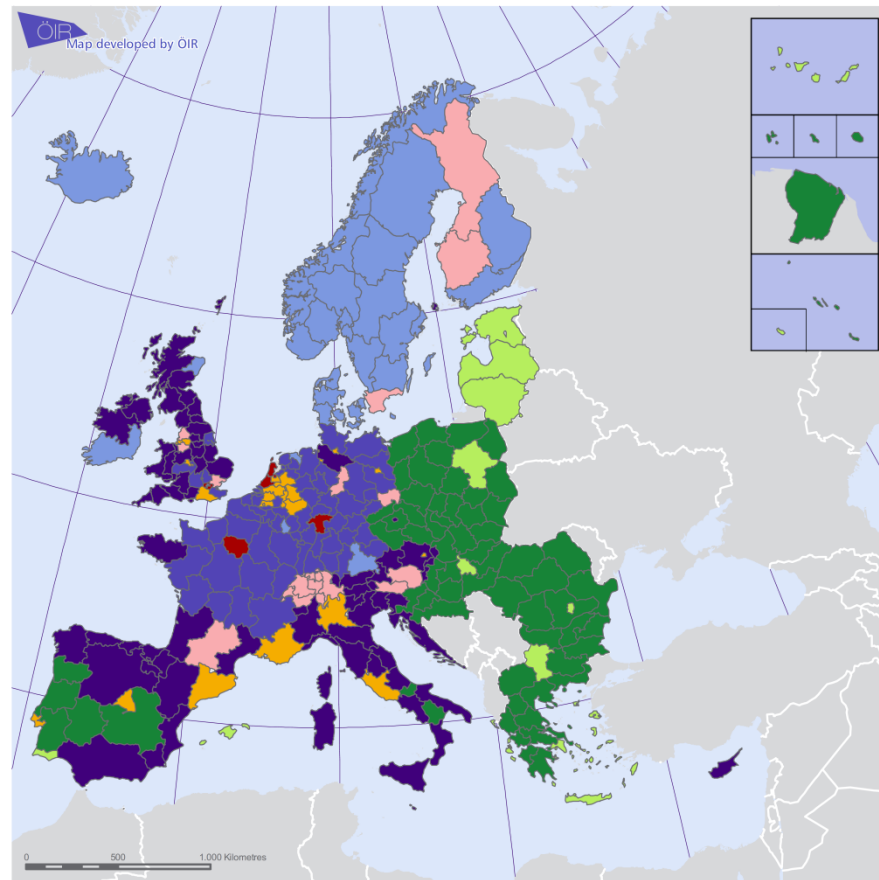
How do this description align with territorial visions for Europe?



Accessability by road to a city with > 50 000 pop

Strong, Specific and Promising

- Economic high performers
- European metropolitan regions
- Innovation leaders



Type of Regions

Globalised regions

- Global metropolitan regions
- European metropolitan regions
- Knowledge intensive globalised regions

Regions vulnerable to globalisation

- Service-oriented vulnerable regions
- Highly vulnerable periphery

Regions handling globalisation

- Low-mass economic high performers
- High productivity regions
- Regions prepared for globalisation

*Regional Challenges in the Perspective of 2020, Vulnerability Indices
Indicator data source
Eurostat except were indicated*





Explaining Västerbottens engagement

The experiences

- Making Västerbotten visible
- Elaborating the use of data and constructing professional networks
- Building critical mass (important)

The benefits

- Use our existing analysis, data/indicators and strategies/plans
- Combine our 14 different "regional pictures" and three different governance systems in a comprehensive picture
- Create a useful "selfie" of the territory to strengthen
 - our (intuitive?) self-perception
 - visibility in the European and Global context

The inputs

- The deal with OECD
- Our own efforts